Financial Statements Together with Reports of Independent Public Accountants

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Financial Statements Together with Reports of Independent Public Accountants

JUNE 30, 2022

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Board of School Directors Bloomsburg Area School District Bloomsburg, Pennsylvania

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities and each major fund of Bloomsburg Area School District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities and each major fund of the District as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and the statement of revenue, expenditures, and changes in fund balance- budget and actual for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The District's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for one year beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal controls. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal controls. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, and schedules of required pension and OPEB related required supplementary information as listed in the accompanying table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited



procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements (Supplemental Information) are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Supplemental Information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Supplemental Information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Philadelphia, Pennsylvania January 10, 2024 SB & Company, If C

Management's Discussion and Analysis Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

The discussion and analysis of Bloomsburg Area School District's (the District) financial performance provides an overall review of the district's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the transmittal letter, notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the district's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

The assets of the District's governmental activities were less than its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by (\$14,623,617). The governmental total net position has increased by \$576,754. The District deficit net position is primarily related to its share of the net pension liability of \$31,819,000, as of June 30, 2022.

As of June 30, 2022, unassigned unrestricted fund balance for the general fund was \$1,557,672 or 6% of the total general fund expenditures.

As of June 30, 2022, the District's debt consisted of the following: a \$7,220,000 General Obligation Note, Series 2013 issued May 16, 2023 with a principal balance of \$2,900,000; a \$9,995,000 General Obligation Bond, Series 2018 issued September 25, 2018 with a principal balance of \$9,980,000; a \$9,705,000 General Obligation Bond, Series 2019 issued January 9, 2019 with a principal balance of \$9,695,000; and a \$3,500,000 General Obligation Note, Series 2020 issued September 21, 2020 with a principal balance of \$2,920,467.

Other obligations include accrued vacation pay and sick leave for specific employees of the district (Compensated Absences) in the amount of 1,664,8802. In addition, a liability has been recognized for Net Pension Liability and Other Post-Employment Benefits. More detailed information about these long-term liabilities is included in the financial statements.

The trends of prior years' indicated that the District would experience another year of increases in the costs for regular educational instruction, special education instruction, and benefits for our employees with the largest increases coming from pension cost. In the budgeting process, the Administration and Board of School Directors were able to balance the budget with no millage increase to our taxpayers. The actual results of operation showed that expenditure and revenue projections were made with extreme precision and provided a net surplus for the year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the basic financial statements of the District. The School District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenditures are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused retirement incentives).

Both government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the District that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the District include most of the District's basic services, such as regular and special education, administration, and transportation. Property taxes and formula-based state aid finance most of these activities. The Food Services Fund is the sole business-type activity for the District.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements. Governmental funds are segregated by major fund and non-major fund. The district's governmental major funds consisted of the General Fund, the Capital Projects Fund, and the Debt Service Fund. The District did not have any non-major funds.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Proprietary Funds

The District maintains one type of proprietary fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The District uses an enterprise fund to account for its Food Service Fund. Internal Service funds (the other type of proprietary fund) are used to report activities that provide supplies and services for the government's other programs and activities. The District currently does not have any internal service funds.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Food Service Fund, which is considered to be a major fund of the District.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

Net Position: As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, liabilities and deferred inflows exceeded assets and deferred outflows by (\$14,161,447) as of June 30, 2022.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Approximately 79% of the District's assets reflect its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, furniture and equipment, construction-in-progress). The District uses these capital assets to provide services to students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. The largest portion of the District's liabilities is its long-term debt for general obligation bonds used to finance building improvements and other capital projects. It should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. Another item of note on the government-wide financial statements is the balance in cash and investments of \$8,325,698 as of June 30, 2022, which include a balance of \$8,084,091 in Governmental Activities and a balance of \$241,607 in the Business-Type Activities.

An additional portion of the District's net assets represent resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations.

The Net Position as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, for the District is summarized below.

	FY 2020-2021	FY 2021-2022	INC / (DEC)
	Governmental	Governmental	Governmental
	Activities	Activities	Activities
Current assets	\$ 12,813,670	\$ 10,846,666	\$ (1,967,004)
Noncurrent assets	43,332,008	41,146,924	(2,185,084)
Total assets	56,145,678	51,993,590	(4,152,088)
Deferred outflows of resources	5,978,423	6,067,553	89,130
Total assets and deferred outflows of resourses	62,124,101	58,061,143	(4,062,958)
Current liabilities	6,782,764	5,182,936	(1,599,828)
Noncurrent liabilities	69,385,977	61,517,844	(7,868,133)
Total liabilities	76,168,741	66,700,780	(9,467,961)
Deferred inflows of resources	1,155,731	5,983,980	4,828,249
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resourses	77,324,472	72,684,760	(4,639,712)
Net Position			
Invested in capital assets - net of related debt	15,431,795	15,366,512	(65,283)
Restricted	434,184	401,582	(32,602)
Unrestricted	(31,066,350)	(30,391,711)	674,639
Total net position	(15,200,371)	(14,623,617)	576,754
Total liabilities and net position	\$ 62,124,101	\$ 58,061,143	\$ (4,062,959)

Management's Discussion and Analysis Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		FY 2021-2022 Business-Type Activities	INC / (DEC) Business-Type Activities
Current assets	\$ 161,082		\$ 196,369
Noncurrent assets	127,516	122,101	(5,415)
Total assets	288,598	479,552	190,954
Deferred outflows of resources		-	-
Total assets and deferred outflows of resourses	288,598	479,552	190,954
Current liabilities	48,933	17,382	(31,551)
Noncurrent liabilities		-	-
Total liabilities	48,933	17,382	(31,551)
Deferred inflows of resources Net Position	-	-	-
Invested in capital assets - net of related debt	127,516	122,101	(5,415)
Restricted	-	-	-
Unrestricted	112,149	340,069	227,920
Total net position	\$ 239,665	\$ 462,170	\$ 222,505
		•	

Change in Net Position

The results of this year's operations are reported in the Statement of Activities in the basic financial statements. The two largest general revenues are the non-formula-based state aid received from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the local taxes assessed to property owners. A comparative analysis of the change in net assets is presented in Table 2 below.

	FY 2020-2021 Governmental Activities	FY 2021-2022 Governmental Activities	INC / (DEC) Governmental Activities
Revenue			
Charges for Services	\$ 26,305	\$ 222,618	\$ 196,313
Operating Grants and Contributions	7,015,706	3,656,589	(3,359,117)
General Revenues			
Taxes	16,010,038	16,392,749	382,711
Grant, Subsidies, and Contributions	6,452,228	8,678,511	2,226,283
Other	160,804	178,412	17,608
Total Revenues	29,665,081	29,128,879	(536,202)
Expenses			
Instruction	18,477,642	14,599,083	(3,878,559)
Support services	11,297,964	12,166,616	868,652
Non-instructional services	702,184	866,123	163,939
Interest on long-term debt	918,374	920,303	1,929
Total Expenses	31,396,164	28,552,125	(2,844,039)
Changes in Net Position	\$ (1,731,083)	\$ 576,754	\$ 2,307,837

Management's Discussion and Analysis Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Bus		Bu	2021-2022 siness-Type Activities	Bu	C / (DEC) siness-Type Activities
Revenue						
Charges for Services	\$	35,664	\$	51,917	\$	16,253
Operating Grants and Contributions		648,882		1,125,773		476,891
Other		40		69		29
Total Revenues		684,586		1,177,759		493,173
Expenses						
Food Service		736,166		955,287		219,121
Changes in Net Position	\$	(51,580)	\$	222,472	\$	274,052

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

General Fund

The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of June 30, 2022, the District's general fund reported an ending fund balance of \$5,057,672, an decrease of \$501,429 in comparison with prior year balance of \$5,559,101. The total unassigned Fund Balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion, is \$1,557,672 as of June 30, 2022. The remainder of fund balance, \$3,500,000, is reserved to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed or restricted.

Capital Projects Fund

The Capital Projects Fund accounts for construction and renovation activity associated with the District's buildings and major equipment purchases. The Capital Projects Fund receives most of its revenues from the issuance of general obligation debt and transfers from the General Fund. During the year ended June 30, 2022, the Capital Projects Fund reported a decrease in fund balance of \$1,097,365 due to capital outlay.

Debt Service Fund

The Debt Service Fund accounts for bond issuances and related debt service activity. The Debt Service Fund receives most of its revenues from the issuance of general obligation debt and transfers from the General Fund. During the year ended June 30, 2022, the Capital Projects Fund reported an increase in fund balance of \$7 due to interest received.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Proprietary Funds

The District's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. As of the end of the current fiscal year, the net position of the proprietary fund - Food Service was \$462,170. Management continually reviews the operations of the Food Service Fund and the user charges (lunch prices) to ensure that there are adequate cash reserves to meet operating needs and that the Food Service Fund is a break- even operation. With the new health and fitness requirements, this has become a difficult task. This past year as well as in the next year's budget, funds are required from the general fund to balance the budget to meet this unfunded mandate placed on schools.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

During the fiscal year, the Board of School Directors authorizes revisions to the original budget to accommodate differences from the original budget to the actual expenditures of the District. There were no adjustments made to the original budget for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The District's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of June 30, 2022 and 2021 is summarized below.

	June 30, 2022			
	Governmental	Total School		
	Activities	Activities	District	
Land Improvements	\$ 12,264,529	\$ -	\$ 12,264,529	
Building and Building Improvements	56,866,965	8,120	56,875,085	
Furniture, Equipment, and Vehicles	9,285,248	251,955	9,537,203	
Accumulated depreciation	(37,269,818)	(137,974)	(37,407,792)	
Total Capital Assets - Net of Depreciation	\$ 41,146,924	\$ 122,101	\$ 41,269,025	
		June 30, 2021		
	Governmental	Business-Type	Total School	
	Activities	Activities	District	
Land and Site Improvements	\$ 9,204,165	\$ -	\$ 9,204,165	
Building and Building Improvements	54,115,244	8,120	54,123,364	
Furniture and Equipment	9,183,480	263,438	9,446,918	
Accumulated depreciation	(33,879,915)	(144,042)	-	
Construction-In-Progress	4,709,034	-	4,709,034	
Total Capital Assets - Net of Depreciation	\$ 43,332,008	\$ 127,516	\$ 77,483,481	

Management's Discussion and Analysis Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Through long-term planning, the District has demonstrated its commitment to maintaining functional educational facilities that meet the needs of today's students, while also considering what is affordable for the community.

Long-term Debt

At the end of the current fiscal year, the District had total debt outstanding of \$27,412,927.

	2021	2022	Increase (Decrease)
General Obligation Bonds and Notes Net PSERS Pension Liability Compensated Absences Other Post-Employment Benefit Obligations	\$ 27,900,213 38,406,000 2,070,813 3,148,646	\$ 25,780,412 31,819,000 1,664,880 3,357,890	\$ (2,119,801) (6,587,000) (405,933) 209,244
Total	\$ 71,525,672	\$ 62,622,182	\$ (8,903,490)

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates

The District experienced slow growth in both property and assessments and residents. The 2022-2023 General Fund Budget, adopted in June 2023, increased budgeted expenditures approximately 9.2% over the 2021-2022 fiscal year and had an increase in support services and fund transfer expenditures.

Budgeted revenue included an approximate 4.0% increase in local real estate taxes and remained within the Act 1 index. The approved final budget reflected revenue of \$29.9 million and expenditures of \$30.6 million. Budget revenues were \$662,000 lower than budgeted expenditures.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the finances of the District for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Mr. David J. Marsiglio, Business Administrator, 728 E 5th Street Bloomsburg, Pennsylvania, 17815 or via email at dmarsiglio@bloomsd.k12.pa.us.

Statement of Net Position (Deficit) As of June 30, 2022

ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,084,091	\$ 241,607	\$ 8,325,698
Investments	348,000	<u>-</u>	348,000
Taxes receivable, net	584,793	_	584,793
Internal balances	(62,058)	62,058	· -
Due from other governments	1,490,676	23,500	1,514,176
Other receivables	401,164	-	401,164
Inventory		30,286	30,286
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	10,846,666	357,451	11,204,117
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Land and site improvements - net of accumulated depreciation	10,962,237	-	10,962,237
Building and building improvements - net of accumulated depreciation	28,589,588	2,842	28,592,430
Furniture, equipment, and automobiles - net of accumulated depreciation	1,595,099	119,259	1,714,358
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS	41,146,924	122,101	41,269,025
TOTAL ASSETS	51,993,590	479,552	52,473,142
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	6,067,553		6,067,553
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	58,061,143	479,552	58,540,695
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND NET POSITION (DEFICIT) CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	455,380	-	455,380
Accrued salaries, benefits and related expenses	3,359,659	-	3,359,659
Accrued interest	263,559	-	263,559
Unearned revenue	-	17,382	17,382
Current portion of long-term debt	1,104,338		1,104,338
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	5,182,936	17,382	5,200,318
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Net pension liability	31,819,000	-	31,819,000
Long-term debt - net of current maturities	24,676,074	-	24,676,074
Long-term portion of compensated absences	1,664,880	-	1,664,880
Long-term portion of other postemployment benefits	3,357,890		3,357,890
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	61,517,844		61,517,844
TOTAL LIABILITIES	66,700,780	17,382	66,718,162
DEFERRED INFLOWS	5,983,980		5,983,980
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)			
Invested (deficit) in capital assets, net of related debt	15,366,512	122,101	15,488,613
Restricted	401,582	-	401,582
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(30,391,711)	340,069	(30,051,640)
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT)	\$ (14,623,617)	\$ 462,170	\$(14,161,447)

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Program	Revenues	Net (Expense)	Revenue and Change	s in Net Assets
		Charges	Operating			_
		for	Grants and	Governmental	Business-Type	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES						
Instruction	\$ 14,599,083	\$ 128,030	\$ 2,121,185	\$ (12,349,868)	\$ -	\$ (12,349,868)
Support services	12,166,616	82,881	579,196	(11,504,539)	-	(11,504,539)
Non-instructional services	866,123	11,707	956,208	101,792	-	101,792
Interest on long-term debt	920,303			(920,303)	<u> </u>	(920,303)
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	28,552,125	222,618	3,656,589	(24,672,918)	-	(24,672,918)
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES						
Food service	955,287	51,917	1,125,773	-	222,403	222,403
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	29,507,412	274,535	4,782,362	(24,672,918)	222,403	(24,450,515)
GENERAL REVENUES AND TRANSFERS						
Taxes:						
Property taxes, levied for general purposes, net				12,257,682	-	12,257,682
Taxes levied for specific purposes				4,135,067	-	4,135,067
Grants, subsidies, and contributions not restricted				8,678,511	-	8,678,511
Investment earnings				133,613	69	133,682
Miscellaneous				44,799	-	44,799
Gain on sale of capital assets					33	33
TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES AND TRANSFERS				25,249,672	102	25,249,774
CHANGE IN NET POSITION				576,754	222,505	799,259
NET POSITION (DEFICIT) - BEGINNING OF YEAR				(15,200,371)	239,665	(14,960,706)
NET POSITION (DEFICIT) - ENDING				\$ (14,623,617)	\$ 462,170	\$ (14,161,447)

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds As of June 30, 2022

	General	Non-Major Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS			
OF RESOURCES			
Cash	\$ 6,899,858	\$ 1,184,233	\$ 8,084,091
Investments	348,000		348,000
Taxes receivable, net	584,793	-	584,793
Intergovernmental receivables	1,490,676	-	1,490,676
Other receivables	401,164	-	401,164
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 9,724,491	\$ 1,184,233	\$ 10,908,724
OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES Due to other funds Accounts payable Accrued salaries and benefits	\$ 62,058 455,380 3,359,659	\$ - - 	\$ 62,058 455,380 3,359,659
TOTAL LIABILITIES	3,877,097		3,877,097
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	789,722		789,722
FUND BALANCES			
Restricted	-	401,582	401,582
Committed	3,500,000	139	3,500,139
Assigned	-	782,512	782,512
Unassigned	1,557,672	-	1,557,672
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	5,057,672	1,184,233	6,241,905
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 9,724,491	\$ 1,184,233	\$ 10,908,724

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position (Deficit)

Governmental Funds

As of June 30, 2022

TOTAL FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
--

\$ 6,241,905

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds.

Cost of capital assets	78,416,742
Less: accumulated depreciation	(37,269,818)

Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported as liabilities in the funds.

Compensated absences	(1,664,880)
Bonds payable	(25,780,412)
Net Pension Liability	(31,819,000)
Other postemployment benefits	(3,357,890)

Delinquent personal and property taxes receivable will be collected this year, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures and are, therefore, deferred in the funds.

789,722

Deferred outflows of resources related to pension/OPEB liability

6,067,553

Deferred inflows of resources related to pension/OPEB liability

(5,983,980)

Governmental funds do not report a liability for accrued interest until due and payable.

(263,559)

TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT) - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

\$ (14,623,617)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	General	Non-Major Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES			
Local sources	\$ 16,778,715	\$ 107,956	\$ 16,886,671
State sources	11,244,442	-	11,244,442
Federal sources	680,354		680,354
TOTAL REVENUES	28,703,511	107,956	28,811,467
EXPENDITURES			
Instruction	16,634,864	-	16,634,864
Support services	8,831,645	3,633	8,835,278
Non-instructional services	694,694	138,429	833,123
Capital outlay	-	1,099,487	1,099,487
Debt service	62,001	2,978,103	3,040,104
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	26,223,204	4,219,652	30,442,856
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	2,480,307	(4,111,696)	(1,631,389)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In(Out)	(2,981,736)	2,981,736	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(501,429)	(1,129,960)	(1,631,389)
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR	5,559,101	2,314,193	7,873,294
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 5,057,672	\$ 1,184,233	\$ 6,241,905

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to Statement of Activities

Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

TOTAL NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$(1,631,389)
Because some property taxes will not be collected for several months after the District's year end, they are not considered as available revenues in the government funds.	209,456
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets.	2,126,966
Compensated absences reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources, and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	405,933
Expenses related to the Net Pension/OPEB Liability reported in the Statement of Activities do not re the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	quire 1,658,037
Interest is recognized in governmental funds when paid but is accrued in the Statement of Activities.	(7,165)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.	1,204,819
Depreciation expense is recognized in the Statement of Activities but is not recognized in governmental funds.	(3,389,903)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 576,754

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Amounts	Actual (Budgetary	Variance With Final Budget Positive
	Original Final		Basis)	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Local sources	\$15,800,450	\$15,800,450	\$ 16,778,715	\$ 978,265
State sources	11,074,878	11,074,878	11,244,442	169,564
Federal sources	564,402	564,402	680,354	115,952
TOTAL REVENUES	27,439,730	27,439,730	28,703,511	1,263,781
EXPENDITURES				
Instruction	16,499,849	16,499,849	16,634,864	(135,015)
Support services	9,170,505	9,170,505	8,831,645	338,860
Non-instructional services	527,075	527,075	694,694	(167,619)
Debt service	84,480	84,480	62,001	22,479
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	26,281,909	26,281,909	26,223,204	58,705
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER EXPENDITURES	1,157,821	1,157,821	2,480,307	1,322,486
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers In(Out)	(1,700,000)	(1,700,000)	(2,981,736)	1,281,736
Other	5,000	5,000	-	5,000
Budgetary reserve	(100,000)	(100,000)	-	100,000
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(1,795,000)	(1,795,000)	(2,981,736)	1,386,736
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ (637,179)	\$ (637,179)	\$ (501,429)	\$ 2,709,222
	¢ (557,277)	+ (001,117)	+ (551, .27)	,, -,,====

Statement of Net Position (Deficit) Proprietary Funds As of June 30, 2022

	 Food Service
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
CURRENT ASSETS	
Cash	\$ 241,607
Due from other funds	62,058
Due from other governments	23,500
Inventories	30,286
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	357,451
NON-CURRENT ASSETS	
Building improvements, net	2,842
Furniture and equipment, net	119,259
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS	122,101
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	
OF RESOURCES	 479,552
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION (DEFICIT)	
CURRENT LIABILITIES	
Unearned revenue	17,382
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)	
Invested in capital assets - net of related debt	122,101
Unrestricted	340,069
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT)	\$ 462,170

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position (Deficit) Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Food
	 Service
OPERATING REVENUES	-1 01 -
Food service revenues	\$ 51,917
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Personal services - salaries	305,034
Personal services - employee benefits	229,527
Purchased services	1,029
Supplies	385,918
Depreciation	22,214
Other operating expenses	 11,565
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	 955,287
OPERATING (LOSS)	(903,370)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
Earnings on investments	69
State sources	90,328
Federal sources	1,035,445
Gain on sale of equipment	33
TOTAL NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	 1,125,875
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	222,505
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR	 239,665
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 462,170

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Food Service
CASH FLOWS FROM (USER FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES		Sel vice
Cash received from customers and intergovernments	\$	50,483
Cash paid to employees for services	Ψ	(534,561)
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services		(402,640)
NET CASH FROM (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	-	(886,718)
THE CHISTITION (COLD TON) OF ENTITIVE TREET THE		(000,710)
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
State sources		90,328
Federal sources		998,607
Interfund activity		(41,398)
NET CASH FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		1,047,537
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Sale of property		16,832
Earnings on investments		69
NET CASH FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		16,901
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		177,720
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR		63,887
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$	241,607
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Flows from (used for)Operating	Acti	vities
Operating loss	\$	(903,370)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used by operating activites		, ,
Depreciation		22,214
Changes in current assets and current liabilities		,
(Increase) Decrease in Inventories		(4,128)
Increase (Decrease) in Unearned Revenue		(1,434)
TOTAL ADJUSTMENTS		16,652
I O ITEL TENU COTTUENTO		10,032
TOTAL CASH FROM (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	(886,718)

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Bloomsburg Area School District (the District) is governed by the Bloomsburg Area School District Board of Education (the Board), which has responsibility and control over all activities related to public school education within the District. The District receives funding from local, state, and Federal government sources and must comply with all of the requirements of these funding source entities. Board members are elected by the public and have decision-making authority, the power to designate management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and the primary accountability for fiscal matters.

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to local government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASS) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant accounting policies of the District are described below.

The financial statements include:

- Management's Discussion and Analysis (MDA), providing an analysis of the District's overall financial position and results of operations.
- Financial statements prepared using full-accrual accounting for all of the District's activities.
- A change in the fund financial statements to focus on major funds.
- Required supplemental information.

Reporting Entity

The District's financial statements include the operations of all entities for which the School Board exercises oversight responsibility. Oversight responsibility is demonstrated by financial interdependency, selection of governing authority, designation of management, ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters.

The District is the lowest level of government which has oversight responsibility and control over all activities related to public school education in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of these source entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental reporting entity since the School Board members are elected by the public and have decision-making authority, the power to designate management, the ability to significantly influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters. Additionally, the District does not exercise oversight responsibility over any other entities, and consequently, no other entities have been included in the accompanying financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Basis of Presentation

District-wide statements

The statement of Net Position and the statement of activities provide information about the financial activities of the overall district, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the District. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-Type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each business-type activity of the District and for each function of the District's governmental activities.

- Direct Expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific program.
- Program revenues include 1) charges to students or recipients who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function.
- Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Depreciation expense can be specifically identified by function and is included in the direct expenses of each function. Interest on general long-term debt is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately on the Statement of Activities. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category - governmental, proprietary and fiduciary are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Basis of Presentation (continued)

Fund Financial Statements (continued)

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities. Enterprise fund operating revenues are related to charges for food in the District's cafeteria. The primary non-operating revenues are Federal nutrition program grants and commodities received from the U.S. Department of Agriculture.

The District reports the following major governmental fund:

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources except those required to be in another fund. Revenues are primarily derived from local property, earned income, per capita and occupational taxes, and state and federal distributions. Many of the more important activities of the District, including instruction, administration of the District and certain non-instructional services are accounted for in this fund.

The District reports the following non-major governmental funds:

The Capital Projects Fund is utilized for capital expenditures. This fund is included in the financial statements as a Special Revenue Fund. The Debt Service Fund is utilized for debt activity. The fund is included in the financial statements as a Special Revenue Fund. The Scholarships Fund is utilized for scholarship activity. The fund is included in the financial statements as a Special Revenue Fund. The Student Activities fund is utilized for student activities. The fund is included in the financial statements as a Special Revenue Fund.

The District operates one enterprise (Proprietary) fund, the Food Service Fund. This fund accounts for the activities of the District's food service program.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operation items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the proprietary funds principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District's enterprise fund are food service charges. Operating expenses for the District's enterprise fund include food production costs, supplies, administrative costs, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues or expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

The District does not attempt to allocate building-wide costs to the Food Service Fund. Thus, General Fund expenditures, which partially benefit the Food Service Fund (utilities, janitorial services, insurance, etc.), are not proportionately recognized within the Food Service Fund; similarly, the Food Service Fund does not recognize a cost for the building space is occupies (no rental-of-facilities expense).

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Basis of Presentation (continued)

Fund Financial Statements (continued)

The District accounts for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity and are accounted for in the general fund per Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 84.

Basis of Accounting

The district-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if they are collected within sixty days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term liabilities are reported as other financing sources.

All business-type activities and enterprise funds of the District follow full accrual accounting.

Budgeting

An operating budget is adopted prior to the beginning of each year for the General Fund on a modified accrual basis of accounting. The General Fund is the only fund for which a budget is legally required. The Pennsylvania School Code dictates specific procedures relative to adoption of the District's budget and reporting of its financial statements.

The District, before levying annual school taxes, is required to prepare an operating budget for the succeeding fiscal year.

The District is required to publish notice by advertisement, at least once in two newspapers of general circulation in the municipality in which it is located, and within fifteen days of final action, that the proposed budget has been prepared and is available for public inspection at the Administrative Office of the District.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Budgeting (continued)

Notice that public hearings will be held on the proposed operating budget must be included in the advertisement; such hearings are required to be scheduled at least ten days prior to when the final action on adoption is taken by the Board.

Legal budgetary control is maintained at the sub-function/major-object level. The Board of School Directors may make transfers of funds appropriated to any particular item of expenditure by legislative action in accordance with the Pennsylvania School Code. Management may amend the budget at the sub-function/sub-object level without Board approval. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal period. Budgetary information reflected in the financial statements is presented at or below the level of budgetary control and includes the effect of approved budget amendments.

Deposits and Investments

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments with a maturity of one year or less at the time of purchase are recorded at cost or amortized cost. Those with a maturity of greater than one year are reported at fair value. Changes in the fair value of investments are recorded as investment income.

Taxes Assessed

Taxes are assessed at a rate of 47.30 mills. The following is the tax calendar showing levy date, payment periods and delinquent dates for the above listed taxes:

July 1Levy dateJuly 1- August 312% discount periodSeptember 1 – October 31Face payment periodNovember 1 – December 3110% penalty period

Taxes which remain unpaid are classified as delinquent taxes receivable. Revenue from these delinquent taxes that is not collected within 60 days of year-end is deferred in the fund based financial statements because it is not known to be available to finance the operations of the District in the current year. An allowance has been established to recognize the uncollectible portion.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Inventory

Inventory are recorded using the consumption method of accounting and consist of purchased food, supplies, and surplus commodities received from the federal government. Food and supply purchases are recorded at invoice cost, computed on a first-in, first-out method. Surplus commodities are stated at standard costs, as determined by the U.S. Department of Agriculture.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings and improvements, and furniture and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. The District defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during construction is not capitalized.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Estimated lives			
Land improvements	15 years			
Buildings and building improvements	20-40 years			
Vehicles	4 years			
Furniture and equipment	5-20 years			

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences are those for which employees receive pay. A liability is recorded through the use of estimates, which apply historical date to current factors. The District maintains records of unused absences and applies current and/or contracted compensation rates to the various types of compensated absences. Sick leave is recorded using the termination payment method, which has no current maximum per employee. The District allows only restricted sabbatical leave and therefore, has no recorded liability in advance of the sabbatical.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

In government-wide financial statements as well as proprietary fund financial statements, all accrued liabilities and long-term debt are reported as liabilities in the statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld form the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Use of Estimates

Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements. These estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the reported revenues and expenditures.

Net Position

Net Position represents the difference between assets and liabilities in the District-wide financial statements. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balance of any long-term debt used to build or acquire the capital assets.

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk on deposits. As of June 30, 2022, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$8,325,698 and the bank balance was \$8,560,737. Federal depository covered \$2,537,481 of the bank balance insurance, and \$6,023,256 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and the collateral held by the depository's agent was not in the District's name. It should be noted that the District's deposits are collateralized in accordance with Pennsylvania Act 72.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

2. **DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS** (continued)

Custodial Credit Risk (continued)

A portion of the District's bank balances (\$3,281,019) are in the Pennsylvania Local Government Investment Trust (PLGIT), the Pennsylvania School District Liquid Asset Fund (PSDLAF), and the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Treasurer's INVEST Program for Local Governments. Although not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission and not subject to regulatory oversight, PLGIT and INVEST act like a money market mutual fund in that its objective is to maintain a stable net asset value of \$1 per share, is rated by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization, and is subject to an independent annual audit.

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral security that are in the possession of an outside party. The District has no investments subject to custodial credit risk.

Investments

Statutes authorize the District to invest in U.S. Treasury bills, time or share accounts of institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation or in certificates of deposit when they are secured by proper bond or collateral, repurchase agreements, state treasurer's investment pools or mutual funds. As of June 30, 2022, the District had \$348,000 invested in certificate of deposits.

Interest Rate Risk

The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. It is the practice of the District to limit its interest rate risk by investing in securities with maturity dates under one year.

Credit Risk

The District has no investment policy that would limit its investment choices to those with certain credit ratings.

Concentration Risk

The District does not have a policy that would limit the amount it may invest in any one issuer.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

3. CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of capital asset activity during the fiscal year follows:

	Balance			Balance
Governmental activities	June 30, 2021	Additions	Disposals	June 30, 2022
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Constuction in progess	\$ 4,709,034	\$ -	\$ 4,709,034	\$ -
Capital assets being depreciated				
Land improvements	9,204,165	3,060,364	-	12,264,529
Buildings and improvements	54,115,244	2,751,721	-	56,866,965
Furniture, equipment, and vehicles	9,183,480	109,266	7,498	9,285,248
Total capital assets being depreciated	72,502,889	5,921,351	7,498	78,416,742
Accumulated depreciation for				
Land improvements	837,756	464,536	-	1,302,292
Buildings and improvements	26,042,775	2,234,602	-	28,277,377
Furniture, equipment, and vehicles	6,999,384	695,639	4,874	7,690,149
Total accumulated depreciation	33,879,915	3,394,777	4,874	37,269,818
Government activities capital assets, net	\$ 43,332,008	\$ 2,526,574	\$ 4,711,658	\$ 41,146,924
	Balance			Balance
Business-Type Activities	June 30, 2021	Additions	Disposals	June 30, 2022
Buildings and improvements	\$ 8,120	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,120
Furniture, equipment, and vehicles	263,438	16,800	28,283	251,955
Accumulated depreciation	(144,042)	(22,215)	(28,283)	(137,974)
	\$ 127,516	\$ (5,415)	\$ -	\$ 122,101

Depreciation was charged to governmental activities as follows:

Governmental activities		
Instruction	\$.	30,439
Support services	3,3	31,338
Non-instructional services		33,000
Total governmental activites	\$3,39	94,777

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

4. CHANGES IN GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT

A summary of General Long-Term Debt is as follows:

	Balance			Balance	Balalance Due
	July 1, 2021	Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2022	Within One Year
General obligation bonds and notes	\$ 27,635,162	\$ -	\$ 2,107,568	\$ 25,527,594	\$ 1,104,338
Bond premium	265,051	-	12,233	252,818	-
Net PSERS pension liability	38,406,000	-	6,587,000	31,819,000	-
Other post employment benefits liability	3,148,646	209,244	-	3,357,890	-
Compensated abscenses	2,070,813		405,933	1,664,880	
Total	\$ 71,525,672	\$ 209,244	\$ 9,112,734	\$ 62,622,182	\$ 1,104,338

General obligation bonds and notes are secured by the full faith, credit and taxing power of the District.

Compensated Absences

Under the terms of the School District's employment policies, employees are reimbursed for accrued vacation upon retirement or other termination of employment. The reimbursement rate is established by the employment contract and varies by employee classification. In addition, employees are granted sick days per school year and any unused sick days are permitted to be carried over to future years. Upon retirement from the School District, employees are reimbursed for accumulated sick days equal to the number of unused days multiplied by a pre-established amount per the employment contract. The employees are also offered options regarding retirement payouts as prescribed in the contract if certain conditions are met.

General Obligation Note, Series of 2013

On May 16, 2013, the District issued a General Obligation Note – Series 2013 in the principal amount of \$7,220,000. The proceeds were used for the refunding of the District's General Obligation Note of 2007. The note mature on April 1 of each year through 2027 and bear interest at 2.7%. Interest is payable semiannually on October 1 and April 1.

\$2,900,000

General Obligation Bonds - Series of 2018

On September 25, 2018, the School District issued a General Obligation Bonds Series 2018 in the principal amount of \$9,995,000. The proceeds were used for additions and improvements to District buildings and facilities and pay the costs of issuance. The bonds mature on September 1 of each year through 2043 and bear interest at rates ranging from 2.25% to 3.625%. Interest is payable semiannually on March 1 and September 1.

\$9,980,000

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

4. CHANGES IN GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

General Obligation Bonds – Series of 2019

On January 9, 2019, the District issued \$9,705,000 in General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2019. The proceeds were used for additions and improvements to District buildings and facilities and pay the costs of issuance. The bonds mature on September 1 of each year through 2043 and bear interest at rates ranging from 2.25% to 5.0%. Interest is payable semiannually on March 1 and September 1.

\$9,695,000

General Obligation Note – Series of 2020

On September 21, 2020, the District issued \$3,500,000 in General Obligation Note, Series of 2020. The proceeds were used for additions and improvements to District buildings and facilities and pay the costs of issuance. Principal and interest is due on the first day of each month, commencing October 1, 2020 through September 1, 2030. The bonds bear interest at a fixed rate of 2.63%.

<u>\$2,920,467</u>

A summary of Long-Term Debt principal maturities and interest requirements follows:

Principal		General igation Note, ries of 2013	(General Obligation onds, Series of 2018	O Boi	General bligation ods, Series of 2019	O No	General obligation ote, Series of 2020		Total
Year Ending June 30,	Φ.	550,000	Φ.	15.000	Φ.	215.000	Ф	224 220	Ф	1 104 220
2023	\$	550,000	\$	15,000	\$	215,000	\$	324,338	\$	1,104,338
2024		565,000		15,000		225,000		332,916		1,137,916
2025		575,000		15,000		240,000		342,080		1,172,080
2026		595,000		15,000		250,000		351,314		1,211,314
2027		615,000		20,000		250,000		360,797		1,245,797
2028-2032		-		2,365,000		1,935,000		1,241,149		5,541,149
2033-2037		-		2,765,000		2,370,000		-		5,135,000
2038-2042		-		3,285,000		2,880,000		-		6,165,000
2043-2044		-		1,485,000		1,330,000				2,815,000
Total	\$	2,900,000	\$	9,980,000	\$	9,695,000	\$	2,952,594	\$ 2	25,527,594

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

4. CHANGES IN GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

Interest	Obl	General igation Note, ries of 2013	(General Obligation onds, Series of 2018	O Bor	General bligation ads, Series of 2019	O No	General bligation te, Series of 2020		Total
Year Ending June 30,										
2023	\$	78,300	\$	334,948	\$	386,825	\$	74,795	\$	874,868
2024		63,450		334,610		375,825		66,217		840,102
2025		48,195		334,235		365,400		57,054		804,884
2026		32,670		333,823		355,600		47,820		769,913
2027		16,605		333,341		345,600		38,337		733,883
2028-2032		-		1,492,006		1,516,100		56,036		3,064,142
2033-2037		-		1,085,210		1,086,200		-		2,171,410
2038-2042		-		571,920		563,600		-		1,135,520
2043-2044		-		54,284		53,800		-		108,084
Total	\$	239,220	\$	4,874,377	\$	5,048,950	\$	340,259	\$ 1	0,502,806
Total Payments	General Obligation Note, Series of 2013		General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2018		General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2019		General Obligation Note, Series of 2020			Total
Year Ending June 30,										
2023	\$	628,300	\$	349,948	\$	601,825	\$	399,133	\$	1,979,206
2024		628,450		349,610		600,825		399,133		1,978,018
2025		623,195		349,235		605,400		399,134		1,976,964
2026		627,670		348,823		605,600		399,134		1,981,227
2027		631,605		353,341		595,600		399,134		1,979,680
2028-2032		-		3,857,006	:	3,451,100		1,297,185		8,605,291
2033-2037		-		3,850,210	:	3,456,200		-		7,306,410
2038-2042		-		3,856,920	:	3,443,600		-		7,300,520
2043-2044		_		1,539,284		1,383,800		_		2,923,084
				1,555,201		1,505,000				_,,,

5. JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

The District participates in the Columbia-Montour Area Vocational-Technical School (CMAVTS) which is governed by a joint operating committee. The committee is composed of fourteen members, two appointed annually from each of the seven member school districts. The CMAVTS provides vocational and technical education for students of the seven member school districts. Each member school district pays tuition to the CMAVTS based upon its relative enrollment percentage at the school. The member school districts approve the budget of the CMAVTS.

This joint venture does not meet the criteria for inclusion within the reporting entity because the CMAVTS is separately charted from the school districts it serves, its joint operating committee controls the employment of personnel, its joint operating committee has the power to approve all operating expenditures of the CMAVTS, and the CMAVTS is maintained as a separate operating unit.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

5. JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS (continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the member school districts and the percentage of tuition received from each member school district were as follows:

Berwick	27.72%
Bloomsburg	15.15%
Central Columbia	16.45%
Danville	21.56%
Millville	7.57%
Southern Columbia	11.55%
	100.00%

The School District's share of the joint venture is not determinable. The most recent CMAVTS financial information for the year ended June 30, 2022 is available by contacting Tony Lylo, Business Manager, Columbia-Montour Area Vocational-Technical School, Bloomsburg, PA. A summary of this information, for all funds and the component unit based on the accrual basis of accounting, is presented below:

Assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 6,906,791
Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	 16,788,268
Net position	\$ (9,881,477)
Revenues	\$ 10,568,758
Expenses	9,246,612
Change in net position	\$ 1,322,146

The School District made tuition payments and lease rental payments to CMAVTS of \$1,022,750 and \$38,297, respectively, for the year ended June 30, 2022. No amounts were due to/from CMAVTS as of June 30, 2022. The CMAVTS capital assets as of June 30, 2022 are valued at a historical cost of \$6,875,784 with accumulated depreciation of \$6,252,273, resulting in net capital assets of \$623,511.

The CMAVTS Authority issued a School Lease Revenue Note, Series 2015. The note bears interest at a fixed rate of 1.87% and is secured by the lease rentals. The balance of the School Lease Revenue Note as of June 30, 2022 is \$387,000.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

6. TAXES RECEIVABLE AND DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

A summary of the taxes receivable and related accounts as of June 30, 2022 follows:

Taxes receivable	\$ 623,567
Estimated uncollectible taxes	(38,774)
Taxes receivable, net	\$ 584,793

A summary of due from other governments as of June 30, 2022 follows:

	General	Proprietary	
	Fund	Fund	Total
Federal	\$ 771,949	\$ 22,827	\$ 794,776
State	718,727	673	719,400
Total	\$ 1,490,676	\$ 23,500	\$1,514,176

7. INTERFUND ACTIVITY

Individual fund receivable and payable balances as of June 30, 2022, are as follows:

	Interfund		Interfund		
	Receivables		Payables		
Governmental activities- General Fund	\$	-	\$	62,058	
Business-Type Activities- Food Service		62,058		_	

All balances are for operating expenditures and are considered current and payable within one year. The General Fund transferred \$2,981,736 to the Debt Service Fund to fund debt service expenditures.

8. FUND BALANCE

GAAP establishes criteria for classifying fund balances into specifically defined classifications that should be based on hierarchy that reflects the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on how those funds can be spent. Established classifications are as follows:

Nonexpendable - Amounts that cannot be spend because they are either in a nonspendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted - Amounts constrained to be used for a specific purpose stipulated by constitution, external resource providers or through enabling legislation.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

8. FUND BALANCE (continued)

Committed - Amounts constrained to be used for a specific purpose determined by a formal action of the School District Board of Directors (the district's highest level of decision-making authority).

Assigned - Amounts intended to be used for a specific purpose by the finance committee or an individual authorized by the governing body.

Unassigned - Residual amounts available for any purpose not contained in other classifications.

Order of Fund Balance Spending Policy

The District's policy is to apply expenditures against non-spendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year by adjusting entries.

First, non-spendable fund balances are determined. Then, restricted fund balances for the non-general funds are classified as restricted fund balance.

	General Fund	Capital Projects	Debt Service	Scholarships	School Activities	Total
Restricted Committed	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 240,816	\$ 160,766	\$ 401,582
Compensated absences	250,000	_	_	-	_	250,000
PSERS	3,000,000	-	-	-	-	3,000,000
Other post employment benefits	250,000	-	-	-	-	250,000
Debt service	-	-	139	-	-	139
Assigned						
Capital improvements	-	782,512	-	-	-	782,512
Unassigned	1,557,672					1,557,672
Total	\$5,057,672	\$ 782,512	\$ 139	\$ 240,816	\$ 160,766	\$6,241,905

9. RELATED ORGANIZATIONS

Not included in the District's financial statements are any Parent-Teacher Associations (PTA), Parent-Teacher Organizations (PTO), and athletic and band booster clubs. These agencies provide services to students and employees of the District but are separate legal entities having sufficient autonomy in the management of their own affairs to distinguish them as separate from the administrative organization of the District. The District does not account for these entities as component units or joint ventures; it does not maintain an ongoing financial interest or have responsibility for these entities.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

10. POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS - DISTRICT

Plan Description

The Bloomsburg Area School District Postemployment Benefits Plan (the Plan) is a single employer defined benefit healthcare plan administered by the School Board. The Plan provides postemployment healthcare benefits to eligible retirees of the District in accordance with the various labor contracts and personnel policies. Inasmuch as the Plan has no assets, reporting another employee benefit trust fund in the accompanying financial statements is not required nor was a separate or stand-alone report issued.

Funding Policy

The contribution requirements of plan members and the District are established and may be amended by the School Board, subject to applicable labor contracts and benefit plans. Employees are not required to contribute to the Plan.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District made no contributions and instead elected to continue funding on a pay-as-you-go basis, which amounted to \$42,000 for the year ended June 30, 2022. These costs are recognized as an expense when claims or premiums are paid.

Plan membership

Inactive plan member or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits Inactive plan members entitiled to but not yer receiving benefitst	10
Active plan members	178
Total	188
Components of the net OPEB liability	
Total OPEB liability Plan fiduciary net position	\$ 1,521,890
Net OPEB liability	\$ 1,521,890

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

10. POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS - DISTRICT (continued)

Funding Policy (continued)

The following represents the sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to a 1% change in the discount rate and the healthcare cost trend rate:

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate

	1% Decrease	Current	1% increase
	1.28%	2.28%	3.28%
Net OPEB liability	\$1,647,139	\$1,521,890	\$ 1,403,142

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rate

	1% Decrease	Current	1% increase
Net OPEB liability	\$1,313,976	\$1,521,890	\$ 1,772,456

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of potential occurrences of certain events in the future. Examples include assumption about future employment, mortality, healthcare costs trends, inflation, etc. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the District are subject to constant changes and modifications as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates and assumptions are formed regarding the future. Projections of retiree benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on current plan activities as it is handled by the District and the benefits are received by the eligible plan members and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the District and plan members. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the July 1, 2022 actuarial valuation, the individual entry age normal actuarial cost method was used. The health care cost trend rate starts at 5.5% and gradually decreases from 5.4% in 2024 to 4.0% in 2075. Mortality rates are the rates assumed in the PSERS defined benefit pension plan actuarial valuation.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

10. POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS – DISTRICT (continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$133,292. As of June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB as follows:

	Deferr	ed Outflows	Defe	rred Inflows
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	17,273	\$	157,186
Changes of assumptions		26,177		129,794
Benefit payments subsequent to measurement date		29,051		
	\$	72,501	\$	286,980

Benefit payments subsequent to measurement date of \$57,714 will be recognized during the year ended June 30, 2022. The remaining amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense (income) as follows:

Benefit payments subsequent to measurement date of \$57,714 will be recognized during the year ended June 30, 2022. The remaining amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense (income) as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	
2023	\$ (19,077)
2024	(19,077)
2025	(19,077)
2026	(19,077)
2027	(19,077)
Thereafter	(148,145)
Total	\$(243,530)

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

11. PENSION

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public School Employees' Retirement System (PSERS) and additions to/deductions from PSERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PSERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms investments are reported at fair value.

General Information about the Pension Plan

PSERS is a governmental cost-sharing, multi-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to public school employees of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The members eligible to participate in the System include all full-time public school employees, part-time hourly public school employees who render at least 500 hours of service in the school year, and part-time per diem public school employees who render at least 80 days of service in the school year in any of the reporting entities in Pennsylvania. PSERS issues a publicly available financial report than can be obtained at www.psers.state.pa.us.

Benefits Provided

PSERS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Members are eligible for monthly retirement benefits upon reaching (a) age 62 with at least 1 year of credited service; (b) age 60 with 30 or more years of credited service; or (c) 35 or more years of service regardless of age. Act 120 of 2010 (Act 120) preserves the benefits of existing members and introduced benefit reductions for individuals who become new members on or after July 1, 2011. Act 120 created two new membership classes, Membership Class T-E (Class T-3) and Membership Class T-F (Class T-F). To qualify for normal retirement, Class T-E and Class T-F members must work until age 65 with a minimum of 3 years of service or attain a total combination of age and service that is equal to or greater than 92 with a minimum of 35 years of service. Benefits are generally equal to 2% or 2.5%, depending upon membership class, of the member's final average salary (as defined in the Code) multiplied by the number of years of credited service. For members whose membership started prior to July 1, 2011, after completion of five years of service, a member's right to the defined benefits is vested and early retirement benefits may be elected. For Class T-E and Class T-F members, the right to benefits is vested after ten years of service.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

11. PENSION (continued)

Benefits Provided (continued)

Participants are eligible for disability retirement benefits after completion of five years of credited service. Such benefits are generally equal to 2% or 2.5%, depending upon membership class, of the member's final average salary (as defined in the Code) multiplied by the number of years of credited service, but not less than one-third of such salary nor greater than the benefit the member would have had at normal retirement age. Members over normal retirement age may apply for disability benefits.

Death benefits are payable upon the death of an active member who has reached age 62 with at least one year of credited service (age 65 with at least three years of credited service for Class T-E and Class T-F members) or who has at least five years of credited service (ten years for Class T-E and Class T-F members). Such benefits are actuarially equivalent to the benefit that would have been effective if the member had retired on the day before death.

Contributions

Member Contributions

Active members who joined the System prior to July 22, 1983, contribute at 5.25% (Membership Class T-C or at 6.50%) (Membership Class T-D) of the member's qualifying compensation.

Members who joined the System on or after July 22, 1983, and who were active or inactive as of July 1, 2001, contribute at 6.25% (Membership Class T-C) or at 7.50% (Membership Class T-D) of the member's qualifying compensation.

Members who joined the System after June 30, 2001 and before July 1, 2011, contribute at 7.50% (automatic Membership Class T-D). For all new hires and for members who elected Class T-D membership, the higher contribution rates began with service rendered on or after January 1, 2002.

Members who joined the System after June 30, 2011, automatically contributed at the Membership Class T-E rate of 7.50% (base rate) of the member's qualifying compensation. All new hires after June 30, 2011, who elected Class T-F membership, contribute at 10.30% (base rate) of the member's qualifying compensation. Membership Class T-E and Class T-F are affected by a "shared risk" provision in Act 120 of 2010 that in future fiscal years could cause the Membership Class T-E contribution rate to fluctuate between 7.50% and 9.50% and Membership Class T-F contribution rate to fluctuate between 10.30% and 12.30%.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

11. PENSION (continued)

Contributions (continued)

Employer Contributions

The District's contractually required contribution rate for fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, was 34.14% of covered payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan by the District were \$3,791,052 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$31,889,000 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was calculated utilizing the employer's one-year reported covered payroll as it relates to the total one-year reported covered payroll. As of June 30, 2021, the District proportion was 0.0775%, which was an decrease of 0.005% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,432,000. As of June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	23,000	\$	418,000	
Changes of assumptions		1,543,000		-	
Changes in proportion		296,000		180,000	
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings	8	-		5,065,000	
Contributions subsequent to measurement date		3,791,052			
	\$	5,653,052	\$	5,663,000	

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

11. PENSION (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

\$3,791,052 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	
2023	\$ (1,017,389)
2024	(588,962)
2025	(587,082)
2026	 (1,607,566)
Total	\$ (3,800,999)

The total pension liability as of June 30, 2021 was determined by using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement:

- Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal level % of pay.
- Investment return 7.0%, includes inflation at 2.5%
- Salary Growth Effective average of 4.5%, comprised of inflation of 2.5% and 2.0% for real wage growth and for merit or seniority increases.
- Mortality rates were based on a blend of 50% PubT-2010 and 50% PubG-2010 Retiree Tables for Males and Females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2020 Mortality Improvement Scale.

Actuarial Assumptions

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested plan assets is established and may be amended by the Board. Plan assets are managed with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the pension.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

11. PENSION (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Global public equity	15.0%	5.2%
Private equity	15.0%	7.2%
Fixed income	36.0%	1.1%
Commoditities	8.0%	1.8%
Absolute return	10.0%	2.5%
Infrastructure/MLPs	6.0%	5.7%
Real estate	10.0%	5.5%
Risk parity	8.0%	3.3%
Cash	6.0%	-1.0%
Financing (LIBOR)	-14.0%	-0.7%
	100.00%	

The above was the Board's adopted asset allocation policy and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2021.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

11. PENSION (continued)

Sensitivity of The District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the net position liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.0%) or one percentage point higher (8.0%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease 6.00%	Current 7.00%	1% increase 8.00%
District's proportionate share of net			
pension liability	\$41,764,000	\$31,819,000	\$23,430,000

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about PSER's fiduciary net position is available in PSERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found on the System's website at www.psers.pa.gov.

12. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (PSERS)

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Other Postemployment Benefits

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public School Employees' Retirement System (PSERS) and additions to/deductions from PSERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PSERS. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

12. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (PSERS) (continued)

General Information about the Health Insurance Premium Assistance Program

Health Insurance Premium Assistance Program

The System provides Premium Assistance which, is a governmental cost sharing, multiple-employer other postemployment benefit plan (OPEB) for all eligible retirees who qualify and elect to participate. Employer contribution rates for Premium Assistance are established to provide reserves in the Health Insurance Account that are sufficient for the payment of Premium Assistance benefits for each succeeding year. Effective January 1, 2002, under the provisions of Act 9 of 2001, participating eligible retirees are entitled to receive premium assistance payments equal to the lesser of \$100 per month or their out-of-pocket monthly health insurance premium. To receive premium assistance, eligible retirees must obtain their health insurance through either their school employer or the PSERS Health Options Program. As of June 30, 2021, there were no assumed future benefit increases to participating eligible retirees.

Premium Assistance Eligibility Criteria

Retirees of the System can participate in the Premium Assistance program if they satisfy the following criteria:

- Have 24½ or more years of service, or
- Are a disability retiree, or
- Have 15 or more years of service and retired after reaching superannuation age, and
- Participate in the HOP or employer-sponsored health insurance program.

Pension Plan Description

PSERS is a governmental cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to public school employees of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The members eligible to participate in the System include all full-time public school employees, part-time hourly public school employees who render at least 500 hours of service in the school year, and part-time per diem public school employees who render at least 80 days of service in the school year in any of the reporting entities in Pennsylvania. PSERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.psers.pa.gov.

Benefits Provided

Participating eligible retirees are entitled to receive premium assistance payments equal to the lesser of \$100 per month or their out-of-pocket monthly health insurance premium. To receive premium assistance, eligible retirees must obtain their health insurance through either their school employer or the PSERS Health Options Program. As of June 30, 2021, there were no assumed future benefit increases to participating eligible retirees.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

12. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (PSERS) (continued)

Employer Contributions

The School District's contractually required contribution rate for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 was 0.0775% of covered payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$89,000 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

As of June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$1,836,000 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2022. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was calculated utilizing the employer's one-year reported covered payroll as it relates to the total one-year reported covered payroll. As of June 30, 2022, the District's proportion was .0775% percent, which was a decrease of .005% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$119,000. As of June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Defer	red Outflows	Defer	red Inflows
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	17,000	\$	_
Changes of assumptions		196,000		25,000
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings		4,000		-
Changes in proportion		36,000		9,000
Contributions subsequent to measurement date		89,000		_
	\$	342,000	\$	34,000

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

12. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (PSERS) (continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (continued)

\$71,020 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	
2023	\$ 34,827
2024	34,457
2025	46,491
2026	40,293
2027	34,082
Thereafter	28,851
Total	\$ 219,001

Actuarial Assumptions

The Total OPEB Liability as of June 30, 2021, was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

- Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal level % of pay.
- Investment return 2.18% S&P 20 Year Municipal Bond Rate.
- Salary growth Effective average of 4.50%, comprised of inflation of 2.50% and 2.00% for real wage growth and for merit or seniority increases.
- Premium Assistance reimbursement is capped at \$1,200 per year.
- Assumed Healthcare cost trends were applied to retirees with less than \$1,200 in premium assistance per year.
- Mortality rates were based on a blend of 50% PubT-2010 and 50% PubG-2010 Retiree Tables for Males and Females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2021 Mortality Improvement Scale.
- Participation rate:
 - Eligible retirees will elect to participate Pre age 65 at 50%
 - Eligible retirees will elect to participate Post age 65 at 70%

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

12. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (PSERS) (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

The following assumptions were used to determine the contribution rate:

- The results of the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019 determined the employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2022.
- Cost Method: Amount necessary to assure solvency of Premium Assistance through the third fiscal year after the valuation date.
- Asset valuation method: Market Value.
- Participation rate: 63% of eligible retirees are assumed to elect premium assistance.
- Mortality tables for males and females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP2015 Mortality Improvement Scale.

Investments consist primarily of short term assets designed to protect the principal of the plan assets. The expected rate of return on OPES plan investments was determined using the OPES asset allocation policy and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each asset class.

The OPES plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested plan assets is established and may be amended by the Board. Under the program, as defined in the retirement code employer contribution rates for Premium Assistance are established to provide reserves in the Health Insurance Account that are sufficient for the payment of Premium Assistance benefits for each succeeding year.

	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	79.8%	0.1%
US Core Fixed Income	17.5%	0.7%
Non-US Developed Fixed	2.7%	-0.3%
	100.00%	

The above was the Board's adopted asset allocation policy and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2021.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

12. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (PSERS) (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the Total OPEB Liability was 2.66%. Under the plan's funding policy, contributions are structured for short term funding of Premium Assistance. The funding policy sets contribution rates necessary to assure solvency of Premium Assistance through the third fiscal year after the actuarial valuation date. The Premium Assistance account is funded to establish reserves that are sufficient for the payment of Premium Assistance benefits for each succeeding year. Due to the short term funding policy, the OPES plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be sufficient to meet projected future benefit payments, therefore the plan is considered a "pay-as-you-go" plan. A discount rate of 2.66% which represents the S&P 20 year Municipal Bond Rate at June 30, 2022, was applied to all projected benefit payments to measure the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the System Net OPEB Liability to Change in Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

Healthcare cost trends were applied to retirees receiving less than \$1,200 in annual Premium Assistance. As of June 30, 2021, retirees Premium Assistance benefits are not subject to future healthcare cost increases. The annual Premium Assistance reimbursement for qualifying retirees is capped at a maximum of \$1,200. As of June 30, 2021, 93,693 retirees were receiving the maximum amount allowed of \$1,200 per year. As of June 30, 2021, 688 members were receiving less than the maximum amount allowed of \$1,200 per year. The actual number of retirees receiving less than the \$1,200 per year cap is a small percentage of the total population and has a minimal impact on Healthcare Cost Trends as depicted below.

The following presents the System net OPEB liability for June 30, 2021, calculated using current discount rate and Healthcare cost trends as well as what the System net OPES liability would be if the discount rate and health cost trends were 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate

	1% Decrease	Current	1% increase		
	1.66%	2.66%	3.66%		
Net OPEB liability	\$2,107,000	\$1,836,000	\$1,613,000		

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rate

	1% Decrease	Current	1% increase
Net OPEB liability	\$1,836,000	\$1,836,000	\$1,836,000

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

12. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (PSERS) (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

OPEB plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about PSERS' fiduciary net position is available in PSERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found on the System's website at www.psers.pa.gov.

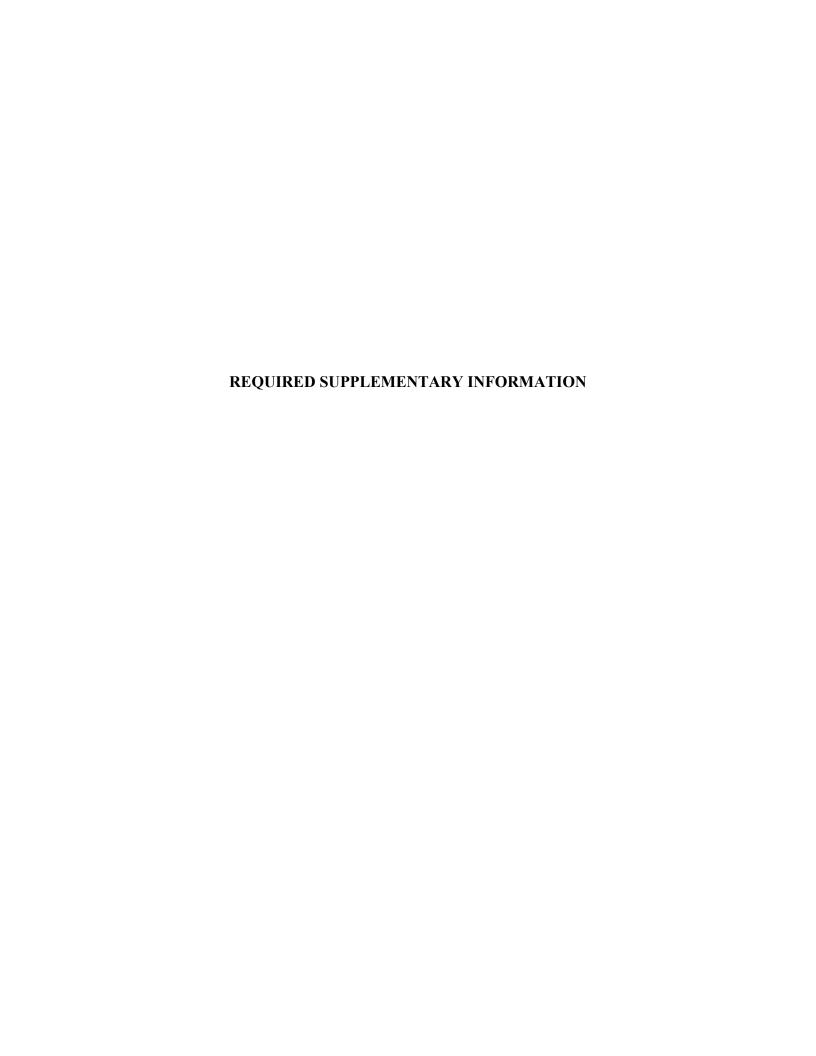
13. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Grants

Most grants and cost-reimbursable contracts specify the types of expenditures for which the grant or contract funds may be used. The expenditures made by the District under some of these grants and contracts are subject to audit. To date, the District has not been notified of any significant unallowable costs relating to its grants or contracts. In the opinion of management, adjustments for unallowable costs. if any, resulting from such audits will not have a material effect on the accompanying financial statements.

Risk Management

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The School District has purchased various insurance policies to safeguard its assets from risk of loss. Insurance coverage appears to be consistent with previous years. During the year ended June 30, 2022, and the three previous fiscal years, no settlements exceeded insurance coverage.



Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015
District's portion of the net pension liability	0.775%	0.780%	0.776%	0.759%	0.750%	0.748%	0.740%	0.738%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$31,819,000	\$ 38,406,000	\$ 36,303,000	\$ 36,436,000	\$ 37,041,000	\$ 37,069,000	\$ 32,054,000	\$ 29,211,000
District's covered-employee payroll	\$10,981,533	\$ 10,953,441	\$ 10,702,031	\$ 10,224,959	\$ 9,990,308	\$ 9,693,625	\$ 9,526,640	\$ 9,411,220
Districts proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered- employee payroll	289.75%	350.63%	339.22%	356.34%	370.77%	382.41%	336.47%	310.38%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	63.67%	63.67%	54.32%	55.66%	54.00%	51.84%	50.14%	54.40%

^{*}Ultimately, this schedule should present information for the last ten years. However, until ten years of Information can be complied, information is presented for as many years as is available.

Schedule of District Contributions For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 3	30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	Ju	ne 30, 2016
Contractually required contribution	\$ 3,791,052	\$ 3,673,940	\$ 3	3,876,289	\$ 3,393,408	\$ 3,274,155	\$ 2,933,600	\$	2,424,228
Contributions in relation to the contractually requied contribution	(3,791,052)	(3,673,940)	(3	3,876,289)	(3,393,408)	(3,274,155)	(2,933,600)		(2,424,228)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
District's covered-employee payroll	\$10,981,533	\$ 10,953,441	\$ 10	0,702,031	\$10,224,959	\$9,990,308	\$ 9,693,625	\$	9,526,640
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	34.52%	33.54%		36.22%	33.19%	32.77%	30.26%		25.45%

^{*}Ultimately, this schedule should present information for the last ten years. However, until ten years of Information can be complied, information is presented for as many years as is available.

Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB PSERS Liability For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018
District's portion of the net OPEB- PSERS liability	0.7750%	0.7800%	0.7760%	0.7590%	0.7500%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB-PSERS liability	\$ 1,836,000	\$ 1,685,000	\$ 1,650,000	\$ 1,582,000	\$ 1,528,000
District's covered-employee payroll	\$10,981,533	\$10,953,441	\$10,702,031	\$ 10,224,959	\$ 9,990,308
Districts proportionate share of the net OPEB-PSERS liability as a percentage of its covered- employee payroll	16.72%	15.38%	15.42%	15.47%	15.29%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB-PSERS liability	5.30%	5.69%	5.56%	5.56%	5.73%

Ultimately, this schedule should present information for the last ten years. However, until ten years of information can be compiled, information is presented for as many years as is available.

Schedule of District Contributions – OPEB PSERS For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	June	30, 2022	June	30, 2021	June	e 30, 2020	June	30, 2019	June	30, 2018
Contractually required contribution	\$	89,000	\$	92,484	\$	97,578	\$	86,397	\$	83,437
Contributions in relation to the contractually requied contribution		(89,000)		(92,484)		(97,578)		(86,397)		(83,437)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$	-	\$		\$	
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 10	0,981,533	\$ 10	0,953,441	\$ 10	0,702,031	\$10),224,959	\$ 9	9,990,308
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		0.81%		0.84%		0.91%		0.84%		0.84%

Ultimately, this schedule should present information for the last ten years. However, until ten years of information can be compiled, information is presented for as many years as is available.

Schedule of the District Contributions – OPEB - District For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018
Total OPEB Liability					
Service cost	\$ 123,278	\$ 109,921	\$ 111,438	\$ 101,816	\$ 98,674
Interest	29,091	55,892	48,059	47,122	35,250
Difference between expected and actual experience	-	(183,384)	-	24,949	_
Changes of assumptions	(51,861)	(49,150)	(51,025)	(375)	42,537
Benefit payments	(42,264)	(50,567)	(62,906)	(91,237)	(88,062)
Net Change	58,244	(117,288)	45,566	82,275	88,399
Total OPEB liability- beginning	1,463,646	1,580,934	1,535,368	1,453,093	1,364,694
Total OPEB liability- ending	\$1,521,890	\$1,463,646	\$1,580,934	\$1,535,368	\$1,453,093
Covered employee payroll	\$9,772,567	\$9,772,567	\$9,036,383	\$9,036,383	\$8,554,944
Total OPEB liability as a % of covered-employee payroll	15.57%	14.98%	17.50%	16.99%	16.99%

Ultimately, this schedule should present information for the last ten years. However, until ten years of information can be compiled, information is presented for as many years as is available.

Note: schedule of contributions is not provided as required contributions have not been calculated.

COMBINING AND IN	DIVIDUAL FUND	FINANCIAL STAT	EMENTS

Combing Balance Sheet- Non-Major Funds As of June 30, 2022

		_					Total
	Capital	D	ebt		Student	Go	vernmental
	Projects	Se	rvice	Scholarships	 Activities		Funds
ASSETS							
Cash	\$782,512	\$	139	\$ 240,816	\$ 160,766	\$	1,184,233
LIABILITIES and FUND BALANCES							
FUND BALANCES							
Restricted	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 240,816	\$ 160,766	\$	401,582
Committed	_		139	_	_		139
Assigned	782,512		_	_	_		782,512
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	782,512		139	240,816	160,766		1,184,233
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$782,512	\$	139	\$ 240,816	\$ 160,766	\$	1,184,233

Combing Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Non-Major Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

					Total	
	Capital	Debt		Student	Governmental	
	Projects	Service	Scholarships	Activities	Funds	
REVENUES						
Local sources	\$ 2,122	\$ 7	\$ 10,919	\$ 94,908	\$ 107,956	
EXPENDITURES						
Support services	-	3,633	-	-	3,633	
Non-instructional services	-	-	32,390	106,039	138,429	
Capital outlay	1,099,487	-	_	_	1,099,487	
Debt service	-	2,978,103	-	-	2,978,103	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,099,487	2,981,736	32,390	106,039	4,219,652	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER EXPENDITURES	(1,097,365)	(2,981,729)	(21,471)	(11,131)	(4,111,696)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers In(Out)		2,981,736			2,981,736	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(1,097,365)	7	(21,471)	(11,131)	(1,129,960)	
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,879,877	132_	262,287	171,897	2,314,193	
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 782,512	\$ 139	\$ 240,816	\$ 160,766	\$ 1,184,233	

Single Audit Together with Reports of Independent Public Accountants

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022



JUNE 30, 2022

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Board of School Directors Bloomsburg Area School District Bloomsburg, Pennsylvania

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund of Bloomsburg Area School District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities and each major fund of the District as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and the statement of revenue, expenditures, and changes in fund balance- budget and actual for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The District's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
 an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such
 opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control—related matters that we identified during the audit.



Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, and schedules of required pension and OPEB related supplementary information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Matters

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.



Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 10, 2024, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

S& + Company, If C

Philadelphia, Pennsylvania January 10, 2024

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of School Directors Bloomsburg Area School District Bloomsburg, Pennsylvania

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Bloomsburg Area School District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 10, 2024.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.



Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

1500 Market Street • Suite 1200 • Philadelphia • Pennsylvania 19102 • P 215.665.5749 • F 215.569.8228

Philadelphia, Pennsylvania January 10, 2024 S& + Company, If C



REPORT OF INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROLS OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Board of School Directors Bloomsburg Area School District Bloomsburg, Pennsylvania

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Bloomsburg Area School District's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of independent public accountants' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.



Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the
 audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to
 test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform
 Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
 District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.



Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance* section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Philadelphia, Pennsylvania January 10, 2024 S& + Company, If C

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor/ Program Title US DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION	Federal CFDA Number	Grantor's Pass Thru Number	Program or Award Amt.	Grant Period Beginning/ Ending Date	Total Received For Year	Accrued or (Deferred) 7/1/2020	Revenue Recognized	Expenditures	Accrued or (Deferred) 6/30/2022	Subreceipient Expenditures
PASSED THROUGH PA DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION:										
Title I	84.010	013-21-0041	372,086	07/01/20-09/30/21	\$ -	\$ 4,388	\$ -	s -	\$ -	\$ -
Title I	84.010	013-22-0041	449,725	07/01/21-09/30/22		-	449,725	449,725	449,725	
					-	4,388	449,725	449,725	449,725	-
Title II	84.367	020-21-0041	55,594	07/01/20-09/30/21	927	927	_	_	_	_
Title II	84.367	020-22-0041	63,895	07/01/21-09/30/22	-	-	63,895	63,895	63,895	
TO TAL TITLE II					927	927	63,895	63,895	63,895	
Title IV	84.424	144-21-0041	30,966	07/01/20-09/30/21	6,666	2,222	-	-	(4,444)	-
Title IV	84.424	144-22-0041	27,981	07/01/21-09/30/22	27,981		27,981	27,981		
TO TAL TITLE IV					34,647	2,222	27,981	27,981	(4,444)	
					35,574	7,537	541,601	541,601	509,176	
Education Stablization Fund (ESSER II)	84.425	N/A	1,373,999	07/01/20-09/30/21	1,373,999	1,373,999	-	-	-	-
Education Stablization Fund (ESSER III)	84.425	N/A	2,779,203	07/01/21-09/30/22	202,124	-	-	-	(202,124)	-
ARP ESSER	84.425U	N/A	154,290	07/01/21-09/30/22	14,026	-	43,886	43,886	29,860	-
ARP ESSER	84.425U	N/A	30,858	07/01/21-09/30/22	2,805	-	-	-	(2,805)	-
ARP ESSER	84.425U	N/A	30,858	07/01/21-09/30/22	2,805	-	14,392	14,392	11,587	-
ARP ESSER Childern and Youth	84.425U	N/A	17,180	07/01/21-09/30/22	1,322	-	13,480	13,480	12,158	-
Special Education Covid-19 Impact Mitigation Grant	84.027	N/A	7,981	07/01/20-09/30/21	5,231	5,231	-	-	-	-
					1,637,886	1,386,767	613,359	613,359	357,852	

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Federal	Grantor's	Program	Grant Period	Total	Accrued or			Accrued or	
Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor/	CFDA	Pass Thru	or	Beginning/	Received	(Deferred)	Revenue		(Deferred)	Subreceipient
Program Title	Number	Number	Award Amt.	Ending Date	For Year	7/1/2020	Recognized	Expenditures	6/30/2022	Expenditures
US DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION -continued										
Passed Through the Pannsylvania Commission										
on Crime and Delinquency										
COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School										
Emergency Relief Fund (ESSER)	85.425D	2020-ES-01-35345	45,321	3/13/20-9/30/22	45,158	45,158	<u>-</u>			
PASSED THROUGH CENTRAL										
SUSQUEHANNA INTERMEDIATE UNIT:										
IDEA -Part B	84.027	062-21-0016	237,562	07/01/20-06/30/21	237,562	237,562	-	-	-	
IDEA -Part B	84.027	062-22-0016	220,171	07/01/21-06/30/22	99,982	-	220,171	220,171	120,189	
TO TAL IDEA-Part B					337,544	237,562	220,171	220,171	120,189	-
IDEA- 619	84.173	062-21-0016	4,136	07/01/20-06/30/21	4,136	4,136	-	-	-	
IDEA- 619	84.173	062-22-0016	529	07/01/21-06/30/22			529	529	529	
TO TAL IDEA-619					4,136	4,136	529	529	529	
IDEA- ARP (Supplemental)	84.027	062-22-0016	46,266	07/01/21-06/30/22	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	46,266	46,266	46,266	<u> </u>
	Total Passed Through	the Central Susquehann	a Intermediate Unit		341,680	241,698	266,966	266,966	166,984	-
TO TAL DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION					2,024,724	1,673,623	880,325	880,325	524,836	<u> </u>

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Federal	Grantor's	Program	Grant Period	Total	Accrued or			Accrued or	
Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor/	CFDA	Pass Thru	or	Beginning/	Received	(Deferred)	Revenue		(Deferred)	Subreceipient
Program Title	Number	Number	Award Amt.	Ending Date	For Year	7/1/2020	Recognized	Expenditures	6/30/2022	Expenditures
US DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES										
PASSED THROUGH PA DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WELFARE	-									
Medical Admin Claims Title XIX	93.778	N/A	6,995	07/01/21-06/30/22	6,995	=	6,995	6,995		<u> </u>
	Total U.S. Department of	of Health and Human	Services		6,995	<u> </u>	6,995	6,995		-
US DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE										
PASSED THROUGH PA DEPARTMENT	_									
OF EDUCATION:										
P-EBT Local Admin Funds	10.649	N/A	N/A	07/01/21-06/30/22	-	-	614	614	614	=
Child Nutrion Cluster										
National School Lunch Program	10.555	N/A	N/A	07/01/20-06/30/21	13,539	13,539	-	-	-	=
National School Lunch Program	10.555	N/A	N/A	07/01/21-06/30/22	721,071	-	738,696	738,696	17,625	=
Supply Chain Assistance	10.555	N/A	N/A	07/01/21-06/30/22	-	-	33,766	33,766	33,766	-
SNP Emergency Operating Costs	10.555	N/A	N/A	07/01/21-06/30/22	-	-	16,838	16,838	16,838	=
School Breakfast Program	10.553	N/A	N/A	07/01/20-06/30/21	5,935	5,935	=	-	=	=
School Breakfast Program	10.555	N/A	N/A	07/01/21-06/30/22	179,916	<u> </u>	185,118	185,118	5,202	
PASSED THROUGH PA DEPARTMENT										
OF AGRICULTURE:					920,461	19,474	975,032	975,032	74,045	-
National School Lunch-USDA Commodities	10.555	N/A	N/A	07/01/21-06/30/22	79,887	(10,281)	75,759	75,759	(14,409)	-
TO TAL NUTRITION CLUSTER					1,000,348	9,193	1,050,177	1,050,177	59,022	-
TO TAL DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE					1,000,348	9,193	1,050,791	1,050,791	59,636	-
TOTAL FEDERAL FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE					\$ 3,032,067	\$ 1,682,816	\$ 1,938,111	\$ 1,938,111	\$ 584,472	\$ -

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

All Federal grant operations of Bloomsburg Area School District (the District) are included in the scope of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (the Single Audit). The Single Audit was performed in accordance with the provisions of the OMB Compliance Supplement (the Compliance Supplement). Compliance testing of all requirements, as described in the Compliance Supplement, was performed for the major grant program noted below. The programs on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards (the Schedule) represent all Federal and State award programs and other grants with fiscal year 2022 cash or non-cash expenditure activities. For our single audit testing, we tested the Federal award program below with fiscal year 2022 cash and non-cash expenditures to ensure coverage of at least 40% of Federally granted funds. Our actual coverage was 54%.

Expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (the Uniform Guidance), wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. The District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

	Assistance		Federal		
Major Program	Listing	Expenditures			
Child Nutrition Cluster					
National School Lunch Program	10.555	\$	738,696		
Supply Chain Assistance	10.555		33,766		
SNP Emergency Operating Costs	10.555		16,838		
School Breakfast Program	10.555		185,118		
National School Lunch-USDA Commodities	10.555		75,759		
Total- Child Nutrition Cluster		\$	1,050,177		

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule includes the Federal and State award activity of the District under programs of the Federal and State government for the year ended June 30, 2022, and is reported on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in the Schedule is presented in accordance with Uniform Guidance. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of the District. Reconciliation of the Schedule to the financial statements:

SEFA Federal revenue	\$ 1,938,111
Less: Amounts reported as State revenue	 (222,312)
Total Federal revenue per Financial Statements	\$ 1,715,799

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Section I - Summary of Independent Public Accountants' Results

Financial Statements

Type of Independent Public Accountants' report issued	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	None Reported
Noncompliance material to the financial statements noted?	No
Federal Awards	
Type of Independent Public Accountants' report	
issued on compliance for major Federal program:	Unmodified
Internal control over major Federal program:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	None Reported
Audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2CFR	
200.516(a)?	No

Identification of Major Program:

240-141-141-141-141-141-141-141-141-141-1	Assistance		Federal		
Major Program	Listing	Expenditures			
Child Nutrition Cluster			_		
National School Lunch Program	10.555	\$	738,696		
Supply Chain Assistance	10.555		33,766		
SNP Emergency Operating Costs	10.555		16,838		
School Breakfast Program	10.555		185,118		
National School Lunch-USDA Commodities	10.555		75,759		
Total- Child Nutrition Cluster		\$	1,050,177		
			_		
Threshold for distinguishing between Type A and B programs		\$	750,000		
Did the District qualify as a low risk auditee?			No		

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Section II – Financial Statement Findings

None noted.

Section III - Federal Award Findings

None noted.

Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

There were no prior year findings in the June 30, 2021, single audit report.